Winnipeg labour market & consumer price inflation—2022 Q4



- Highlights:
- Employment decreased in Winnipeg[†] by -1,500 (-0.4%) persons in 2022 Q4 from 2022 Q3.
- The unemployment rate in Winnipeg[†] in 2022 Q4 was 4.6%.
- CPI inflation in Winnipeg[‡] increased by +8.3% in 2022 Q4 from 2021 Q4.

Winnipeg economic region labour market highlights—2022 Q3/Q4

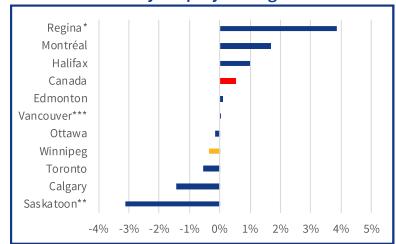
- Winnipeg's[†] labour force decreased by -3,200 (-0.7%) persons in 2022 Q4 from 2022 Q3. Canada's labour force increased by +111,800 (+0.5%).
- **Employment** in Winnipeg[†] decreased by -1,500 (-0.4%) persons. Canada's employment increased by +108,800 (+0.6%) persons. Winnipeg's[†] full-time employment increased by +1,600 (+0.5%) and part-time employment decreased by -3,100 (-4.0%). Canada's full-time employment increased by +90,400 (+0.6%) and part-time employment increased by +18,400 (+0.5%).
- Unemployment in Winnipeg[†] decreased by -1,700 (-7.9%) persons, resulting in the unemployment rate decreasing by -0.3% to 4.6%. Canada's

unemployment increased by +3,000 (+0.3%) persons, a sufficiently small move for the unemployment rate to remain unchanged at 5.1%.

Winnipeg †labour markets highlights Level % 2022 Q3 2022 Q4 Change Change Population 15+ +2,600 648,800 651,400 +0.4% Labour Force 434,800 -3,200 438,000 -0.7% **Employment** 416,500 415,000 -1,500 -0.4% Full-time employment +1,600 339,300 340,900 +0.5% Part-time employment 77,200 74,100 -3,100 -4.0% Unemployment 21,500 19,800 -1,700-7.9% Not in labour force 210,800 216,600 +5,800 +2.8% **Participation Rate** 66.7% -0.8% 67.5% n/a **Employment Rate** 64.2% 63.7% -0.5% n/a **Unemployment Rate** 4.9% 4.6% -0.3% n/a

Source: Statistics Canada, Economic Research Calculations

Chart 1: Inter-city employment growth



Regina*: Includes Regina and Moose Mountain Saskatoon**: Includes Saskatoon and Biggar

Vancouver***: Greater Vancouver area, the Fraser Valley and the Sunshine Coast, and stretches north to include Whistler, Pemberton and Lillooet Source: Statistics Canada, Economic Research Calculations

Inter-city comparison

- Of the 10 major Canadian municipalities,
 Winnipeg[†] ranked 7th in terms of employment growth.
- Regina had the strongest employment growth (+3.9%).
- Saskatoon ranked last with the largest decrease (-3.1%).

Labour market indicator definitions

Labour force: The number of employed and unemployed persons.

Unemployment: Persons seeking employment in the prior 4 weeks, on temporary layoff or starting a new job within the next 4 weeks. **Participation rate:** The labour force divided

by the working age population.

Employment rate: Total employment divided by the working age population.

Unemployment rate: Total unemployment divided by the labour force.

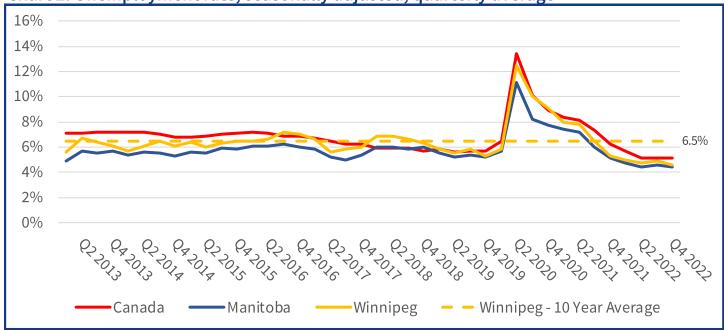
[†]Winnipeg Economic Region: The City of Winnipeg and the RM of Headingley.

^{‡2016} Winnipeg Census Metropolitan Area: This comprises the City of Winnipeg, 10 surrounding rural municipalities and Brokenhead 4 reserve.

Unemployment rate

- Winnipeg's[†] unemployment rate was 4.6% in 2022 Q4, decreasing by –0.3% from 2022 Q3. Winnipeg's[†] unemployment rate remains below the 10 year average of 6.5%.
- Manitoba's unemployment rate was 4.4% in 2022 Q4, declining by -0.2% from 2022 Q3.
- Canada's unemployment rate was 5.1% in 2022 Q4, remaining unchanged from 2022 Q3.

Chart 2: Unemployment rate, seasonally adjusted, quarterly average



Source: Statistics Canada, Economic Research Calculations

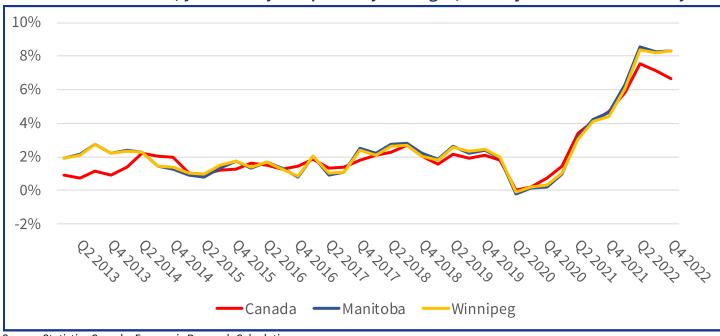
Technical note: seasonally adjusted labour market estimate for economic regions

Statistics Canada does not produce seasonally adjusted labour market indicators for the economic regions. The City of Winnipeg Economic Research Group (ERG) estimates seasonally adjusted labour market indicators using seasonal adjustment factors from provincial labour market data estimated by Statistics Canada. ERG seasonally adjusts Economic Region employment data at the industry level. We assume the seasonality for each industry (e.g. retail trade) at the provincial level is the same for the economic regions within that province. Prior to publication we check these estimates to ensure seasonality has been removed from the Economic Region estimates using statistical software. Seasonality for full-time and part-time employment at the provincial level is assumed to be the same for the economic regions and. The sum of full and part-time employment levels are constrained to total seasonally adjusted employment for the economic regions. ERG also assumes seasonally for unemployment is the same at the provincial level as it is for the economic regions. The sum of seasonally adjusted employment and unemployment estimates yields an estimate of the seasonally adjusted labour force. Statistics Canada does not seasonally adjust population (15+) in the labour force survey. Therefore the participation rate and employment rate are estimated using seasonally adjusted labour force and employment estimates with the original population (15+) estimates published by Statistics Canada.

Winnipeg CMA and Manitoba Consumer Price Index highlights —2022 Q4

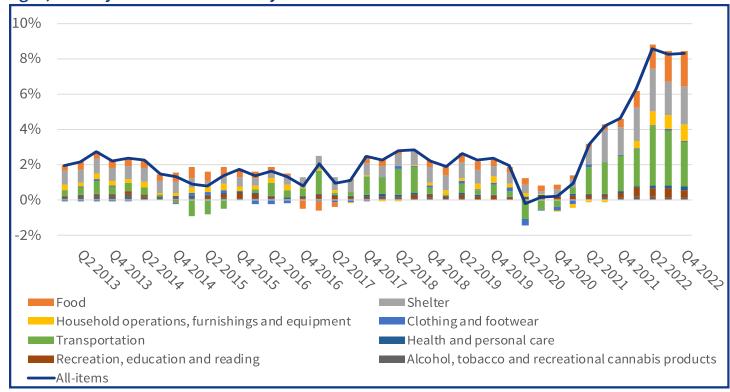
- Consumer Price Index (CPI) inflation increased in Winnipeg[‡] by +8.3% in 2022 Q4 from 2021 Q4, increasing by +0.1% from 2022 Q3.
- CPI inflation in Manitoba increased by +8.3% in 2022 Q4 from 2021 Q4, increasing by +0.1% from 2022 Q3.
- CPI inflation in Canada increased by +6.7% in 2022 Q4, decreasing by –0.5% from 2022 Q3.

Chart 3: CPI inflation, year-over-year quarterly averages, not adjusted for seasonality



Source: Statistics Canada, Economic Research Calculations

Chart 4: Manitoba CPI inflation contributing growth rates, year-over-year quarterly averages, not adjusted for seasonality



Source: Statistics Canada, Economic Research Calculations

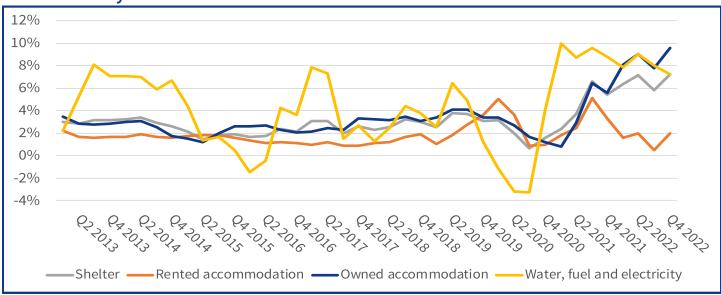
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Drivers of Manitoba's CPI inflation

- As shown in chart 4, the top three contributors to Manitoba's 2022 Q4 CPI inflation were transportation (+2.5%), shelter (+2.2%) and food (+2.0%).
- The remaining CPI subcategories all contributed to inflation. In descending order: household operations, furnishings and equipment (+1.0%), recreation, education and reading (+0.4%) health and personal care (+0.2%), alcohol, tobacco and recreational cannabis products (+0.1%) and clothing and footwear (>+0.1%). Aside from shelter these details are not available for Winnipeg[‡].

Chart 5: Winnipeg CMA shelter inflation, year-over-year quarterly averages, not adjusted for seasonality

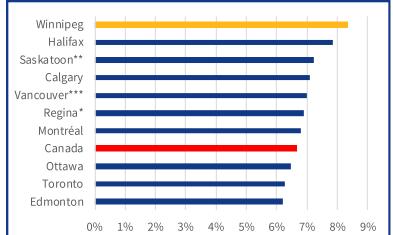


Source: Statistics Canada, Economic Research Calculations

Winnipeg[‡] shelter inflation

- The price index of shelter in Winnipeg[‡] increased by +7.2% in 2022 Q4 from 2021 Q4.
- All three subcategories of the shelter price index increased in 2022 Q4 from 2021 Q4. In descending order: owned accommodations (+9.5%), water, fuel and electricity (+7.2%) and rented accommodations (+2.0%).

Chart 6: Inter-city CPI inflation comparison



Regina*: Includes Regina and Moose Mountain Saskatoon**: Includes Saskatoon and Biggar

Vancouver***: Greater Vancouver area, the Fraser Valley and the Sunshine Coast, and stretches north to include Whistler, Pemberton and Lillooet Source: Statistics Canada, Economic Research Calculations

Inter-city comparison

- Of the 10 major Canadian municipalities,
 Winnipeg[‡] had the highest CPI inflation for 2022 Q4 relative to 2021 Q4.
- Halifax had the second highest CPI inflation rate at +7.8%.
- Edmonton had the lowest CPI inflation rate at +6.2%.

What are contributing growth rates?

Contributing growth rates tell us how much each subcomponent is driving the overall growth of an indicator. The sum of the contributing growth rates of the subcomponents equals the overall growth rate of the indicator. For example, suppose CPI consisted of only food and shelter and their contributing growth rates were 2% and 3%, respectively. In this case total CPI inflation would be 5%.

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